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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Year I Semester Regular Examinations November 2018

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

(CSE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units **5 x 12 = 60** Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 a Compare time complexity with space complexity? 6M
b Write about Union and Find algorithms with Example and find Time complexity? 6M

OR

- 2 a Write the pseudo code for expressing algorithms. 5M
b Briefly explain Graph traversals with examples? 7M

UNIT-II

- 3 a Explain strassen's matrix multiplication and derive its time complexity. 7M
b Explain control abstraction of Divide and Conquer approach and Derive its complexity. 5M

OR

- 4 a Write about Merge sort algorithm with example & time complexity? 7M
b Explain Greedy Knapsack Problem with algorithm and an example where $n=3$, $m=20$, (x_1, x_2, x_3) , $(w_1, w_2, w_3) = (18, 15, 10)$, $(p_1, p_2, p_3) = (25, 24, 15)$. Describe all the cases of greedy techniques of above problem. 5M

UNIT-III

- 5 a Define Sum Of Subsets Problem And Give The Algorithm 7M
b Discuss about n-queen problem 5M

OR

- 6 a Solve the following instance of 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic programming $n = 3$; $(W_1, W_2, W_3) = (3, 5, 7)$; $(P_1, P_2, P_3) = (3, 7, 12)$; $M = 4$ 7M
b Explain how to find Hamiltonian path and cycle using backtracking algorithm. 5M

UNIT-IV

- 7 a Solve the Travelling Salesman problem using branch and bound algorithms. 7M
b Give The Algorithm For LCBB For The 0/1 Knapsack With Example 5M

OR

- 8 a Draw the portion of state space tree generated by LCBB for the 0/1 Knapsack instance: $n = 5$, $(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_5) = (10, 15, 6, 8, 4)$, $(w_1, w_2, \dots, w_5) = (4, 6, 3, 4, 2)$ and $m=12$. Find an optimal solution using fixed – tuple sized approach. 12M

UNIT-V

- 9 a Briefly explain the non-deterministic algorithms with example? 7M
b Distinguish between deterministic and non-deterministic algorithms? 5M

OR

- 10 a Explain the class of P and NP with example? 7M
b Differentiate between NP- complete and NP-hard problems? 5M

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